

Date of issue: 16/02/2017 Date of revision: 04/12/2020

Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking Product identifier: Product name: 0.1mol/L(N/10)-Perchloric acid (1,4-dioxane solution) SDS No. : A0155E-2 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Manufacturer/Supplier: KISHIDA CHEMICAL CO., LTD. Address: 3-1, Honmachibashi, Chuo-ku,Osaka, JAPAN Division: Safety Management Dept. of Chemicals Telephone number: +81-6-6946-8061 FAX: +81-6-6946-1607 e-mail address: kagakuhinanzenkanri@kishida.co.jp 2. Hazards identification GHS classification and label elements of the product Classification of the substance or mixture PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS Flammable liquids: Category 2 HEALTH HAZARDS Acute toxicity (Inhalation): Category 4 Skin corrosion/irritation: Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Category 2 Carcinogenicity: Category 1B Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 1(CNS) Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 3 (Respiratory tract irritation) Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 3(Narcosis) Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 1(kidney; liver; CNS) Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 2(thyroid gland; respiratory system) (Note) GHS classification without description: Not classified/Classification not possible Label elements



Signal word: Danger HAZARD STATEMENT Highly flammable liquid and vapor Harmful if inhaled Causes skin irritation Causes serious eye irritation May cause cancer Causes damage to organs after single exposure(CNS) May cause respiratory irritation May cause drowsiness or dizziness Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure(kidney; liver; CNS) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure(thyroid gland; respiratory system)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENT



0.1mol/L(N/10)-Perchloric acid (1,4-dioxane solution),A0155E-2,04/12/2020 Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wash contaminated parts thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Response

In case of fire: Use appropriate media other than water for extinction.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national regulation.

Specific Physical and Chemical hazards

Highly flammable liquid. Vapor/air mixture may explode.

$\label{eq:composition} \textbf{3. Composition/information on ingredients}$

Mixture/Substance selection:

Mixture

Ingredient name:Perchloric acid Content (%):0.97 Chemical formula:HCIO4 Chemicals No, Japan:1–221 CAS No.:7601–90–3 MW:100.46 ECNO:231–512–4

Ingredient name:1,4-Dioxane Content (%):99 Chemical formula:C4H8O2 Chemicals No, Japan:5-839 CAS No.:123-91-1 MW:88.11 ECNO:204-661-8 Note : The figures shown above are not the specifications of the product. The content of



products may exceed the figures shown above.

4. First-aid measures Descriptions of first-aid measures General measures Get medical attention/advice if you feel unwell. IF INHALED Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair) Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. IF IN EYES Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF SWALLOWED Rinse mouth. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. 5. Fire-fighting measures Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media In case of fire, use water mist, foam, dry powder, CO2 to extinguish. Unsuitable extinguishing media Indoor firefighting equipment or outdoor firefighting equipment Sprinkler equipment Dry-powder firefighting equipment - except for phosphate etc., hydrogen carbonate etc. Straight stream water extinguisher Water mist extinguisher Reinforcing liquid jet extinguisher Dry-powder extinguisher - except for phosphate etc., hydrogen carbonate etc. Bucket of water or tank of water Advice for firefighters Specific fire-fighting measures Evacuate non-essential personnel to safe area. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus with full face peace operated positive pressure mode. 6. Accidental release measures Personnel precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ventilate area until material pick up is complete.

Wear proper protective equipment.

Environmental precautions

Prevent spills from entering sewers, watercourses or low areas.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Absorb spill with inert material (dry sand, earth, et al), then place in a chemical waste



container. Preventive measures for secondary accident Collect spillage.

7. Handling and st	orage
Precautions for	safe handling
Preventive n	ieasures
(Exposure	Control for handling personnel)
Do not	breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
(Protectiv	e measures against fire and explosion)
Keep a	way from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.
Ground	/bond container and receiving equipment.
Use ex	olosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.
Use on	ly non-sparking tools.
Take p	recautionary measures against static discharge.
(Exhaust/	ventilator)
Exhaus	t/ventilator should be available.
(Safety tr	eatments)
Avoid o	ontact with skin.
Avoid c	contact with eyes.
Safety Meas	ures
Use on	ly outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Wear p	rotective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
When u	sing do not eat, drink or smoke.
Any incompa	tibilities
See ″1	0.Stability and Reactivity″
Advice on ge	neral occupational hygiene
Wash c	ontaminated parts thoroughly after handling.
Do not	eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Take o	ff contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Storage	
Conditions for	or safe storage
Keep c	ontainer tightly closed.
Store i	n a cool, dry place. Do not store in direct sunlight.
Container an	d packaging materials for safe handling
Glass	
	ols/personal protection
Control parame	
Adopted valu	

Adopted value (1,4-Dioxane) ACGIH(1996) TWA: 20ppm (Liver dam) Notation (1,4-Dioxane) Skin OSHA-PEL (1,4-Dioxane) TWA: 100ppm, 360mg/m3 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation. Eye wash station should be available.



Washing facilities should be available. Individual protection measures Respiratory protection Wear respiratory protection. Hand protection Wear protective gloves. Eye protection Wear eye/face protection.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties Physical state: Liquid Color: Pale yellow Odor: Characteristic odor Melting point/Freezing point data is not available. Boiling point or initial boiling point data is not available. Boiling range data is not available. Flammability (gases, liquids and solids) data is not available. Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit data is not available. Flash point: (1,4-Dioxane)12°C Auto-ignition temperature data is not available. Decomposition temperature data is not available. pH data is not available. Kinematic viscosity data is not available. Solubility: Solubility in water: Soluble n-Octanol/water partition coefficient data is not available. Vapor pressure data is not available. Density and/or relative density: 1.04 Relative vapor density (Air=1) data is not available.

No Particle characteristics data is not available.

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

Not available.

Chemical stability

Stable under normal storage/handling conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

(Perchloric acid)

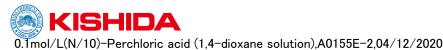
May explode on heating. Decomposes on heating. This produces toxic and corrosive fumes. The substance is a strong oxidant. It reacts violently with combustible and reducing materials, organic materials and strong bases. This generates fire and explosion hazard. Attacks many metals. This produces flammable/explosive gas (hydrogen). The acid is unstable if the concentration is over 72%; may explode by shock or concussion when dry or drying. Mixtures with combustible material (such as paper) may ignite spontaneously at room temperature. (ICSC 1006)

(1,4-Dioxane)

The vapour is heavier than air and may travel along the ground; distant ignition possible. The substance can form explosive peroxides on exposure to air. Reacts with oxidants and strong acids. Reacts violently with some catalysts. (ICSC 0041)

Conditions to avoid

Contact with incompatible materials.



Contact with fire source. Incompatible materials

Strong acids, Strong bases, Oxidizing agents, Reducing agents, Combustible materials,

Organic materials, Metals

Hazardous decomposition products

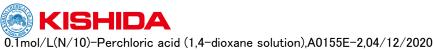
Carbon oxides, Hydrogen, Explosive peroxides

```
11. Toxicological Information
  Information on toxicological effects
  Acute toxicity
     Acute toxicity (Oral)
          [GHS Cat. Japan, base data]
          (Perchloric acid)
          rat LD50=1100mg/kg (MOE assessment vol.9, 2011)
     Acute toxicity (Dermal)
          [GHS Cat. Japan, base data]
          (1.4-Dioxane)
          rat LD50=2100mg/kg (CERI/NITE risk assessment, 2006)
     Acute toxicity (Inhalation)
          [GHS Cat. Japan, base data]
          (1.4-Dioxane)
          vapor: rat LC50=9158ppm/4hr (CERI/NITE risk assessment, 2006)
  Irritant properties
     Skin corrosion/irritation
          [GHS Cat. Japan, base data]
          (Perchloric acid)
          human corrosive (MOE risk assessment vol.9, 2011; NICNAS IMAP, Accessed Oct. 2018)
          (1.4-Dioxane)
          rabbit moderate irritation (CERI/NITE risk assessment, 2006)
     Serious eye damage/irritation
          [GHS Cat. Japan, base data]
          (Perchloric acid)
          skin corrosive/irritation class 1
          (1.4-Dioxane)
          human/rabbit (EU-RAR No.21, 2002 et al)
  Allergenic and sensitizing effects data is not available.
  Mutagenic effects data is not available.
  Carcinogenicity
          [GHS Cat. Japan, base data]
          (Perchloric acid)
          cat.2; (MOE risk assessment vol.9, 2011)
          (1,4-Dioxane)
          cat.1B; (MHLW carcinogenicityity examination, 1990)
          (1,4-Dioxane)
          IARC-Gr.2B : Possibly carcinogenic to humans
          (1,4-Dioxane)
          ACGIH-A3(1996) : Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans
          (1,4-Dioxane)
          EU-Category 2: Substances suspected human carcinogens
  Reproductive toxicity
          [GHS Cat. Japan, base data]
          (Perchloric acid)
          cat. 2; rat : MOE risk assessment vol.9, 2011
```



```
STOT
  STOT-single exposure
  [cat.1]
        [GHS Cat. Japan, base data]
       (1,4-Dioxane)
        CNS (MOE risk assessment vol.2, 2003)
  [cat.3 (resp. irrit.)]
        [GHS Cat. Japan, base data]
        (Perchloric acid)
        respiratory tract irritation (MOE risk assessment vol.9, 2011)
        (1,4-Dioxane)
        respiratory tract irritation (ATSDR, 2007)
  [cat.3 (drow./dizz.)]
        [GHS Cat. Japan, base data]
        (1,4-Dioxane)
       narcotic effect (ATSDR, 2007)
  STOT-repeated exposure
  [cat.1]
        [GHS Cat. Japan, base data]
        (Perchloric acid)
        thyroid gland (MOE risk assessment vol.9, 2011)
        (1,4-Dioxane)
       kidney; liver; CNS (CERI/NITE risk assessment, 2004)
  [cat.2]
        [GHS Cat. Japan, base data]
       (1,4-Dioxane)
       respiratory system (MOE risk assessment vol.2, 2003)
Aspiration hazard data is not available.
```

12. Ecological Information	
Ecotoxicity	
Aquatic toxicity	
Hazardous to the aquatic environment (Acute)	
[GHS Cat. Japan, base data]	
(1,4-Dioxane)	
Fish (top minnow) LC50 > 100mg/L/96hr (MOE Japan, 1995)	
(Perchloric acid)	
Crustacea (Daphnia magna) LC50 = 495mg/L/48hr [490mg ClO4-/L/48hr cal.] (MO assessment vol.9, 2011)	'E risk
Hazardous to the aquatic environment (Long-term)	
[GHS Cat. Japan, base data]	
(Perchloric acid)	
Fish (fat head minnow) NOEC≧495 mg/L/35days (≧490mg ClO4−/L/35days cal.)(MOE risk
assessment vol.9, 2011)	
Water solubility	
(1,4–Dioxane)	
100 g/100 ml (PHYSPROP_DB, 2005)	
(Perchloric acid)	
miscible (ICSC, 2000)	
Persistence and degradability	
Persistence and degradability data is not available.	
Bioaccumulative potential	
(1, 4 -Dioxane)	



log Pow=-0.27 (ICSC, 2008) Mobility in soil Mobility in soil data is not available. Other adverse effects

Ozone depleting chemical data is not available.

13. Disposal considerations

Description of waste residues and information on their safe handling and methods of disposal, including the disposal of any contaminated packaging Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national regulation.

14. Transport Information		
UN No.: 1165		
Proper Shipping Name :		
DIOXANE		
Class or division : 3		
Packing group : II		
ERG GUIDE No.: 127		
IMDG Code (International Maritime Dangerous Goods Regulations)		
UN No.: 1165		
Proper Shipping Name :		
DIOXANE		
Class or division : 3		
Packing group : II		
IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations		
UN No.: 1165		
Proper Shipping Name :		
DIOXANE		
Class or division : 3		
Hazard labels : Flamm.liquid		
Packing group : II		
Environmental hazards		
MARPOL Annex III - Prevention of pollution by harmful substances		
Marine pollutants (yes/no) : no		
MARPOL Annex V - Prevention of pollution by garbage discharge		
Carcinogenicity: cat.1, 1A, 1B		
1,4-Dioxane		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: cat.1		
1,4-Dioxane		
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and IBC Code		
Noxious Liquid ; Cat. Y		
1,4-Dioxane		

15. Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture **US Federal Regulations** Chemicals listed in TSCA Inventory 1,4-Dioxane; Perchloric acid Other regulatory information Ensure this material in compliance with federal requirements and ensure conformity to local



regulations.

16. Other ir	nformation
GHS clas	ssification and labelling
F	Flam. Liq. 2: H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor
/	Acute Tox. 4: H332 Harmful if inhaled
	Skin Irrit. 2: H315 Causes skin irritation
E	Eye Irrit. 2: H319 Causes serious eye irritation
(Carc. 1B: H350 May cause cancer
	STOT SE 1: H370 Causes damage to organs after single exposure
	STOT SE 3: H335 May cause respiratory irritation
	STOT SE 3: H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
ę	STOT RE 1: H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
Reference	ce Book
	Globally Harmonized System of classification and labelling of chemicals, (7th revised edition, 2017), UN
	Recommendations on the TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS 20th edit., 2017 UN IMDG Code, 2018 Edition (Incorporating Amendment 39–18)
	IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations (61th Edition) 2020
(Classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (Table 3 ECNO6182012) 2016 EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDEBOOK (US DOT) 2020 TLVs and BEIs. (ACGIH)
	http://monographs.iarc.fr/ENG/Classification/index.php
	Supplier's data/information
	Disclaimer
á	This data sheet was created based on the information we currently have and may be revised according to new information. In addition, the precautions apply only to normal handling, and in the case of special handling, please make adequate countermeasure to maintain your safety.
5	The data given here is based on current knowledge and experience. The purpose of this Safety Data Sheet is to describe the products in terms of their safety requirements. The data does not signify any warranty with regard to the products' properties.
	The CHS eleccification data riven here is based on current Japan official data (NITE

The GHS classification data given here is based on current Japan official data (NITE published in 2019).